RESPONSE TO EX PARTE APPLICATION

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY COUNSEL COUNTY OF ORANGE

I. INTRODUCTION

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Bob Page, Registrar of Voters for the County of Orange ("the Registrar") welcomes direction from this Court regarding his duties and whether he should proceed with conducting the recall election that is scheduled for November 14, 2023, given that the recall petition would not have had sufficient valid signatures if the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries, which applied when Santa Ana City Councilmember Jessie Lopez was elected, were used to determine what signatures were valid.

It appears that the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries should have been used to determine if the recall petition was sufficient and, if sufficient, should have been used to conduct the November 14, 2023, recall election as to Santa Ana City Councilmember Jessie Lopez ("Recall Election"). Instead, the Santa Ana City Clerk Jennifer Hall (the "City Clerk") used the current 2022 Ward 3 boundaries to determine whether the recall petition was sufficient, and these boundaries are being used to conduct the Recall Election. Because this is a municipal election, the Registrar immediately brought this to the attention of the City Clerk who is the election official for this election. The Registrar has not received further direction from the City Clerk or the City regarding whether or how to conduct the Recall Election. Accordingly, the Registrar welcomes the Court's guidance on these matters.

II. FACTS

A. The Registrar of Voters Performs Election Services at the Request for the City, but the City Clerk Is the Elections Official For City Elections

The Registrar is not the elections official for municipal elections in Santa Ana. (Page Decl., ¶ 4.) Rather, pursuant to a delegation of authority from the Orange County Board of Supervisors, the Registrar regularly provides elections services at the request of cities and at the direction of city elections officials. (Elec. Code, § 10002.) In relation to these city elections, such as the Recall Election, the City Clerk is the elections official for purposes of receiving and certifying elections materials, including but not limited to certifying the sufficiency of petition

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signatures. (Page Decl., ¶¶ 4, 5 Exh. 1.) Thus, as it relates to City elections, the Registrar is a vendor performing services at the request and direction of the City Clerk.

В. After Santa Ana Transitioned from At-Large City Council Districts to By-District Elections in 2018, the City Clerk Directed the Registrar to Conduct a May 2020 Recall Election for Ceci Iglesias Using the *Prior Boundaries*

On July 17, 2018, the City approved the transition from at-large City Councilmember Districts to By-District Elections. (Page Decl., ¶ 7, Exh. 2 [Santa Ana, Cal., Ordinance NS-2958] (Dec. 4, 2018)].) On December 4, 2018, the City Council approved a map dividing the City into six Wards. (Ibid.) On September 17, 2019, the Santa Ana City Council adopted an ordinance changing the boundaries of Ward 3 due to an annexation (the "2019 Ward 3 Boundaries"). (Page Decl., ¶ 8, Exh. 3 [Santa Ana, Cal., Ordinance NS-2975 (Sept. 17, 2019)].)

In early December 2019, the City Clerk advised the Registrar that it may have up to 3 recalls and asked if the Registrar could use implement different maps if the City had to, and the Registrar's staff responded that they could. (Page Decl., ¶ 9, Exh. 4.) In particular, the City Clerk stated that the recall elections would be conducted based on the city-wide map used in the candidates' original 2018 elections. (*Ibid.*) On December 20, 2019, the City asked the Registrar to count the signatures on a petition related to the recall of City Council Member Ceci Iglesias of Ward 6 using a signature threshold based on the number of registered voters in the entire city, because she was elected at-large prior to the City adoption of by-district elections. (Page Decl., ¶ 10, Exh. 5.)

On February 12, 2020, after the Registrar counted the number of valid signatures, the City Clerk issued a Certificate of Sufficiency stating that the petition was "sufficient to qualify if signed by at least 10% of the 108,646 registered voters in the City of Santa Ana." (Page Decl., ¶ 11, Exh. 6.) On February 19, 2020, the City Clerk specifically informed the Registrar that the maps to be used for the upcoming 2020 general elections would be the maps that were recently adopted, but that the May 19th special recall election for Ms. Iglesias would be using the prior maps that applied when Ms. Iglesias originally ran for her seat. (Page Decl., ¶ 12, Exh. 7.) ///

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C.	Jessie Lopez Was Elected in November 2020 for Santa Ana City Council
	Ward 3. Based on the Pre-Redistricting 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries

Jessie Lopez was elected on November 3, 2020 as a Santa Ana City Councill Member for Ward 3 as defined in the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries. (Page Decl., ¶ 13.) This means that Ms. Lopez was elected by registered voters who resided within the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries. (*Ibid.*) In 2022, following the 2020 decennial census, the City adopted new Ward boundaries as required by Section 21621 of the Election Code, which included new boundaries for Ward 3 (the "2022 Ward 3 Boundaries") and provided them to the Registrar. (Page Decl., ¶ 14, Exh. 8.) The 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries remain the current ward boundaries for Santa Ana today. (Page Decl., ¶ 15.)

D. The City Clerk Asked the Registrar to Verify Signatures Based on the Number of Registered Voters in the Current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries, Then **Issued a Certificate of Sufficiency Based on This Number**

On June 13, 2023, the City Clerk requested that the Registrar examine the signatures on the "Petition for Recall of Jessie Lopez, City Council Member, Ward 3" ("Recall Petition") and provided the Registrar with her determination as to the minimum number of valid signatures needed to find the petition sufficient, pursuant to Election Code section 11222. (Page Decl., ¶ 16, Exh. E to Ex Parte.) The City Clerk's request was based on the current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. (*Ibid.*) The letter stated in, pertinent part,:

> The official number of registered voters in Ward 3 in the City of Santa Ana is 26,370 based on your report to the Secretary of State dated February 10, 2023 as reported for the approved circulation date of April 7, 2023. The minimum number of signatures needed to qualify at 20% is 5,274.

(*Ibid.*) The letter also sought a certified copy of the results of the Registrar's review of the signatures. (*Ibid*.)

The Registrar undertook the signature examination requested by the City Clerk. (Page Decl., ¶ 17.) Based on the numbers she provided in reference to the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries (i.e., the 26,370 registered in Ward 3 as identified in the Registrar's February 10, 2023 report to the Secretary of State), the Registrar determined that the Recall Petition contained 5,284 valid

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signatures. (Page Decl., \P 17, Exh. F to <i>Ex Parte</i> .) On July 17, 2023, the Registrar provided the	
City Clerk with a Certificate as to Verification of Signatures on Petition ("Verification"),	
reflecting this determination. (Ibid.) The Verification did not certify or qualify the petition for	
the ballot, as the Registrar did not and could not make that determination. (Ibid.) Rather, such	
determination was reserved to the City Clerk as the elections official for this municipal election	
pursuant to Elections Code section 11224. (<i>Ibid.</i>)	

On July 17, 2023, the City Clerk issued a Certificate of Sufficiency of Recall Petition ("Certification of Sufficiency") pursuant to Elections Code section 11224. (Page Decl., ¶ 18, Exh. G to Ex Parte.) This Certification of Sufficiency noted that the Recall Petition contained 5,284 valid signatures, which was ten signatures more than the minimum 5,274 signatures the City Clerk asserted was necessary to qualify the petition. (*Ibid.*) The City Clerk therefore certified that, "the recall petition is, hereby, acknowledged to be sufficient to be submitted to the voters." (Ibid.)

Ε. The Santa Ana City Council Called the Recall Election and Requested that the Registrar of Voters Provide Election Services, But Did Not Direct That Any Map Other Than The Current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries Be Used

Both the Registrar's Verification and the City Clerk's Certification of Sufficiency were accepted by the Santa Ana City Council with its Resolution No. 2023-54. (Page Decl., ¶ 19, Exh. H to Ex Parte.) On August 15, 2023, based on these documents, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 2023-55, calling a special municipal recall election to be held in Ward 3 on Tuesday, November 14, 2023. (*Ibid.*)

Resolution No. 2023-55 requested that the Registrar perform "specific election services" in relation to the Recall Election pursuant to Election Code section 10002, including:

> the preparation, printing and mailing of sample ballots/voter information guides; making such publications as are required by law in connection therewith; the preparation, printing, mailing and furnishing of vote-by-mail ballots and other necessary supplies or materials to conduct the election; the canvassing of the returns of the election and the furnishing of the results of such canvassing to the City Clerk of the City of Santa Ana; and the performance of such other election services as may be requested by the City Clerk.

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(Page Decl., ¶ 19, Exh. H to Ex Parte, Resolution 2023-55, § 8.) Unlike Santa Ana's request for election services for the prior recall election for Ceci Iglesias, the City did not provide any direction to use boundaries that differed from the current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. Indeed, the City Clerk's June 13, 2023 letter and Certification of Sufficiency were based on the number of registered voters within the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. (Page Decl., ¶ 19, Exh. H to Ex Parte.) Based on the City of Santa Ana's request, the Registrar began performing election services in relation to the Recall Election at the direction of the City Clerk. (Page Decl., ¶ 20.) This included preparing, printing and mailing of sample ballots/voter information guides, vote-bymail ballots, and other necessary supplies or materials to conduct the election. (*Ibid.*)

F. The Registrar Sought Direction from the City Clerk After Discovering That the City Clerk Certified the Sufficiency of the Recall Based on the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries and That The Petition Would Have Failed if the 2019 Ward 3 **Boundaries Were Applied**

On or around Wednesday, October 25, 2023, while in the process of preparing for the election, the Registrar became aware that Jessie Lopez was elected in 2020, which was prior to Santa Ana's adoption of 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. (Page Decl., ¶ 21.) This raised a concern because the Recall Petition had been reviewed based on the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. (*Ibid.*) Based on Elections Code section 21626 and Santa Ana's prior application of Elections Code section 21626 to its recall elections (including the Ceci Iglesias recall election addressed above), the Registrar believed that the City Clerk's instructions to use the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries were likely in error and that the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries should have applied for both the review of the Recall Petition and the determination of which voters can vote in the Recall Election. (Page Decl., ¶ 22.)

The 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries include 362 active voters who did not reside in the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries and excludes 1,186 voters who reside within the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries. (Page Decl., ¶ 23, Exh. A to Ex Parte at p. 3.) This difference between the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries and 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries would have impacted whether the recall petition had sufficient valid signatures, as well as which voters can vote in the Recall Election. (Ibid.) If the

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signatures from voters in the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries who did not reside in the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries were excluded from the count, then the recall petition would have failed by 230 signatures, rather than being deemed sufficient. (*Ibid.*)

On October 26, 2023, immediately after learning of the Ward 3 boundary issue, the Registrar informed the City Clerk and sought her direction as the elections official for this municipal Recall Election. (Page Decl., ¶ 24, Exh. A to Ex Parte.) Specifically, the Registrar requested "direction from the City as soon as practicable regarding whether the City intends to proceed with conducting the recall election." (*Ibid.*)

On Friday, October 27, 2023, the City responded to the Registrar in writing and did not dispute that the wrong map for Ward 3 was used for the qualification of the Recall Petition. (Page Decl., ¶ 25, Exh. I to Ex Parte.) Instead, the City twice asked the Registrar "Are you going to rescind your certificate as to verification of the signature petition?" The City 's letter further noted that "time is of the essence." (*Ibid.*)

The Registrar Promptly Complied With the City's Request and Provided a G. Superseding Certificate of Verification Based on Number of Registered Voters in 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries and Rescinded His Prior Verification

On Monday, October 30, 2023, at 3:15 p.m., the Registrar complied with the City's Request and provided a new Superseding Certificate as to the Verification of Signatures ("Superseding Certificate"), based the City's request and its apparent confirmation that the wrong map for Ward 3 was used for qualification of the Recall Petition. (Page Decl., ¶ 26, Exh. B to Ex Parte.) The Superseding Certificate rescinds the prior July 17, 2023 certification and notes that, based on 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries, the number of signatures required was 5,432 (20% of registered voters within the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries) and the number of signatures found valid was 5,202. (*Ibid.*) The Registrar's counsel also noted that, because his office was using the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries identified by the City Clerk to conduct the Recall Election, voters outside of the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries may have received a recall ballot, while voters who reside within the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries but outside of the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries may not have yet received a recall ballot. (*Ibid.*) The Registrar's counsel explained that the Registrar

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was available to discuss and address any operational issues related to the recall election. (*Ibid.*)

H. The City Clerk Has Not Rescinded Her Certificate of Sufficiency, The City Council Declined to Take Action, and the City Has Provided No Direction Regarding Whether to Proceed With the November 14, 2023 Election

On November 2, 2023, the City Clerk wrote to the Registrar indicating only that the Santa Ana City Council considered his correspondence asking for direction regarding whether to proceed with the Recall Election, but took no action. (Page Decl., ¶ 28, Exh. 10.) To date, the City Clerk has not rescinded her July 17, 2023, Certificate of Sufficiency, and the Santa Ana City Council has declined to rescind its August 15, 2023, resolutions calling for the Recall Election. (Page Decl., ¶ 29.) In addition, despite his request for direction, the Registrar has received no guidance from the City Clerk regarding whether to proceed with the election, whether to continue to conduct it using the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries, or to exclude ballots from voters outside of the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries from the Recall Election. (*Ibid.*) direction from the City Clerk or this Court, the Registrar continues to conduct the Recall Election using the current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. (Page Decl., ¶ 30.)

III. **ARGUMENT**

- A. The Registrar Correctly Informed the City Clerk That The Recall Petition Would Have Failed If the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries Were Used
 - The 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries That Applied When Jessie Lopez Was 1. Elected in 2020 Govern Whether The Recall Petition Was Sufficient and the Voters Who Can Vote In a Recall Election

"Following a city's decision to elect its council using district-based elections, or following each federal decennial census for a city whose council is already elected using district-based elections, the council shall, by ordinance or resolution, adopt boundaries for all of the council districts of the city so that the council districts shall be substantially equal in population as required by the United States Constitution." (Cal. Elec. Code § 21621; see Cal.

¹ Sections 21600 through 21609 of the Election Code govern redistricting for general law

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Elec. Code § 21601 (same).) A change of boundaries during a council member's term of office does not change the term of office. (Cal. Elec. Code §§ 21606(a), 21626(a).) The issue of what boundaries must be used in recall elections of City Council members of a charter city after redistricting is governed by Section 21626, subdivision (b), which provides:

> At the first election for council members in each city following adoption of the boundaries of council districts, excluding a special election to fill a vacancy or a recall election, a council member shall be elected for each district under the new district plan that has the same district number as a district whose incumbent's term is due to expire. This subdivision does not apply when a city transitions from at-large to district-based elections.

(Emphasis added.); (See also Cal. Elec. Code § 21606(b) (same).) Interpreting similar language with respect to county supervisorial districts, the Attorney General concluded that "because the election to fill a supervisorial vacancy takes place at a time not designated by law for the regular election of that office, it is a special election for that office." (104 Cal. Op. Att'y Gen. 80 (2021).)

Moreover, the Attorney General has consistently opined that, by its plain language, the exclusion of "a special election to fill a vacancy or a recall election" removes "this category of elections from the general rule that new district boundaries shall apply in elections after redistricting. Instead, the old district boundaries apply." (104 Cal. Op. Att'y Gen. 80 (2021); see 105 Cal. Op. Att'y Gen. 132 (2022) (old supervisorial boundaries remain operative for election purposes until the next regular election for that seat after redistricting); 97 Cal. Op. Att'y Gen. 12 (2014) (the voters within the old boundaries were the ones who elected the council member for that term, not the voters of the part of the new district that lies outside those boundaries, thus boundaries used when the former council member was elected are to be used for the remainder of his or her unexpired term when filling his or her vacancy).)

This rule that the old district boundaries apply to a recall election applies equally to both general law and charter cities. (See Cal. Elec. Code §§ 21606(b) (general law cities), 21626(b) (charter cities); see e.g., City of Redondo Beach v. Padilla, 46 Cal. App. 5th 902, 913-914

cities and Sections 21620 through 21630 of the Election Code govern redistricting for charter cities. There is no substantive difference between these sections for the purposes of this case.

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(2020) (legislature did not demonstrate clear intention to apply California Voter Participation	
Rights Act (VPRA) to charter cities, but Legislature expressly made California Voting Rights	
Act (CVRA) applicable to charter cities).) Indeed, Santa Ana's Charter states: "Unless	
otherwise provided by ordinance, hereafter enacted, the provisions of the elections code of the	
State of California, as the same now exist or may hereafter be amended, governing the initiative	
the referendum, and the recall of the municipal officers shall apply to use thereof in the City	
insofar as such provisions of the elections code are not in conflict with this charter." (Santa	
Ana, Cal., Code § 1205 (2022).) (Emphasis added.)	

Here, Jessie Lopez was elected on November 3, 2020 when the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries were in effect. While the Recall Election is scheduled to take place following the 2022 redistricting, Election Code section 21626, subdivision (b), would appear to exclude the new 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries from applying in a recall election.

> 2. The Recall Petition Would Have Fallen Over 200 Signatures Short of the Twenty Percent Threshold If The City Clerk Used The Number of Registered Voters Within the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries

Section 11221, subdivision (a), of the Election Code provides that the number of qualified signatures required to qualify a recall for the ballot shall be, in the case of an officer of a city, equal in number to not less than twenty percent if the registration is less than 50,000 but at least 10,000 in the electoral jurisdiction. When the petition is filed by the proponents, the City Clerk as the election official had to first determine the total number of signatures affixed to the petition and if the number of signatures, prima facie, equals or is in excess of the minimum number of signatures required, the City Clerk shall accept the petition for filing. (Cal. Elec. Code § 11222.) Section 11224, subdivision (a), provides:

> ...within 30 days from the date of filing of the petition, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, the elections official shall examine the petition, and from the records of registration, ascertain whether or not the petition is signed by the requisite number of voters. If the elections official's examination shows that the number of valid signatures is greater than the required number, the elections official shall certify the petition to be sufficient. If the number of valid signatures is less than the required number, the elections official shall the insufficient. certify petition

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"If the petition is found sufficient, the elections official shall certify the results of the examination to the governing board at its next regular meeting." Cal. Elec. Code § 11224(d).

Here, it appears that the City Clerk erroneously identified the minimum number of valid signatures necessary to qualify the Recall Election. Instead of looking at the number of registered voters in the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries, the City Clerk looked to the number of voters in the current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. If the correct 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries were used, 5,432 valid signatures would be required (twenty percent of the 27,158 registered voters in the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries). In addition, as the Registrar confirmed, if the signatures from voters in the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries who did not reside in the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries were excluded from the count, then the recall petition would have failed by 230 signatures, rather than being deemed sufficient.

- B. The Registrar Cannot Cancel The City's Recall Election or Deviate From the **Boundaries Provided By The City Without Action from the City or Court**
 - 1. The City Clerk Is The Election Official for this Recall Election

California courts have long held that the conduct of municipal elections is a municipal affair and subject to municipal control. (Mackey v. Thiel, 262 Cal. App. 2d 362, 365 (1968); Johnson v. Bradley, 4 Cal. 4th 389, 402 (1992) (election of municipal officers is strictly a municipal affair).) Likewise, California courts have repeatedly recognized the city clerk as the city official responsible for performing ministerial duties under the Election Code for municipal elections. (Lev v. Dominguez, 212 Cal. 587, 600-01 (1931) (city clerk held restricted to comparison of signature found on affidavit of verification attached to petition with signature found on affidavit of registration); Lin v. City of Pleasanton, 176 Cal.App.4th 408, 417 (2009) (a city clerk has a ministerial duty to reject a petition that violates Election Code); All. for a Better Downtown Millbrae v. Wade, 108 Cal. App. 4th 123, 133 (2003) (city clerk lacked authority as an election official to engage in discretionary factfinding).)

Here, in earlier litigation regarding scheduling a recall election relating to Councilmember Lopez, the Santa Ana City Clerk submitted a declaration stating "I am the Elections Official of the City of Santa Ana." (Page Decl., ¶¶ 4, 5, Exh. 1 [Hall Decl.] at ¶ 4.)

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The Santa Ana City Clerk further states, "I am required to review and understand the Elections Code and the California Code of Regulations generally. This includes and understanding of the provisions regarding recall petitions and calling general and special municipal elections." (*Ibid.*)

In addition, Santa Ana's City Charter provisions regarding the City's elections states: "The conduct of all municipal elections by the City Clerk shall be under the control of the City Council which shall, by ordinance or resolution, provide for the holding of all municipal elections." (Santa Ana, Cal., Code § 1200 (2022).) Likewise, the City Charter description of the powers and duties of the City Clerk states that "the City Clerk shall have the power and be required to ... Conduct all City elections." (Santa Ana, Cal., Code § 702(h) (2022).)

> 2. The Registrar of Voters Provides Election Services to the City Pursuant to Section 10002 of the Election Code, Which Requires The City to Specify The Services Requested and the Precincts Used

Under Section 10002 of the Elections Code, a city may request that a county board of supervisors permit the County Registrar of Voters to provide election services to the city. Section 10002 provides:

> The governing body of any city or district may by resolution request the board of supervisors of the county to permit the county elections official to render specified services to the city or district relating to the conduct of an election. Subject to approval of the board of supervisors, these services shall be performed by the county elections official.

> The resolution of the governing body of the city or district shall specify the services requested.

> Any city that requests the board of supervisors to permit the elections official to prepare the city's election materials shall, if the board of supervisors agrees to provide such services, supply the county elections official with a list of its precincts, or consolidated precincts, as applicable, no later than 61 days before the election.

> Unless other arrangements satisfactory to the county have been made, the city or district shall reimburse the county in full for the services performed upon presentation of a bill to the city or district.

(Cal. Elec. Code § 10002.) Thus, a city must not only "specify the services requested", but must "supply the county elections official with a list of its precincts, or consolidated precincts" that are applicable to the city election.

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Here, even though the City apparently does not dispute that the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries should have been used for the purpose of determining whether the recall petition had sufficient signatures, the Registrar cannot unilaterally cancel November 14, 2023 election without direction from the City or through an order of this Court. The Registrar is merely performing election services at the request of the City pursuant to Section 10002 of the Election Code. Under Section 10002, the Registrar does not become the City's election official who is responsible for conducting the City's elections. Rather, the City Clerk continues to serve as the City election official responsible for the conduct of the election. (Santa Ana, Cal., Code § 702(h) (2022) (City Clerk "conducts all City elections"); Santa Ana, Cal., Code § 1200 (2022) ("The conduct of all municipal elections by the City Clerk shall be under the control of the City Council which shall, by ordinance or resolution, provide for the holding of all municipal elections.").)

The Registrar could not unilaterally amend the City Clerk's June 13, 2023 request to review the recall petition signatures and substitute the number of registered voters in the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries (27,158) for the number of registered voters within the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries (26,370). It is only when the City Attorney asked the Registrar, "Are you going to rescind your certificate as to verification of the signature petition?" did the Registrar issue a Superseding Certificate as to the Verification of Signatures that was based on 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries (27,158), which indicated that the recall petition failed. However, in response, the City then stated while they "asked twice in the letter dated October 27, 2023 whether you were going to rescind your certificate of verification," the "City Attorney's office never asked or directed the Registrar of Voters to rescind the original certificate of verification." (Page Decl. ¶ 27, Ex. 9.)

Moreover, unlike the May 2020 recall election the Ceci Iglesias, the City did not and has not provided direction to the Registrar to use the prior 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries to conduct the recall election as opposed to the then current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries. Indeed, even after being expressly advised of the fact that the 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries were used to determine whether the recall petition had sufficient signatures and was currently being used to conduct the election,

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the City declined to provide further direction to the Registrar regarding whether to proceed with the election or which boundaries the Registrar should use for the election. (Page Decl. ¶ 28, 29, Exh. 10.)

Accordingly, the Registrar welcomes direction from this Court regarding his duties and whether he should proceed with conducting the recall election given that the recall petition would not have had sufficient valid signatures if the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries, which applied when Lopez has elected in November 2020, were used to determine what signatures were valid. Likewise, the Registrar seeks direction from the Court given that the Registrar has not received direction from the City pursuant to Section 10002 of the Election Code to use the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries, rather than the current 2022 Ward 3 Boundaries, to conduct the November 14, 2023 recall election.

Finally, the Registrar agrees that time is of the essence in ruling on the ex parte application given that the recall election will take place a week from the hearing date.

> It Would Be Highly Disruptive To Switch From the 2022 Ward 3 **3.** Boundaries to the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries Less Than a Week Before the November 14, 2023 Election Date

At this point, should the Registrar receive direction to conduct the Recall Election using the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries, he would need approximately one business day to send out recall ballots to voters within the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries who were previously excluded from the election. The Registrar can track which votes are from precincts outside the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries in order to exclude them from the count if that is the direction that the City Clerk or the Court provides. In addition, voters who did not receive a recall ballot have the opportunity to cast a provisional ballot which may be counted depending on the determination by the City Clerk or the Court regarding the appropriate boundaries of the Recall Election.

However as further addressed in his declaration, at this point, given the impending November 14, 2023 hearing date, the Registrar cannot guarantee that all voters within the 2019 Ward 3 Boundaries will receive their ballot materials prior to the Recall Election. Under Section 4005 of the Election Code, the Registrar begins to mail vote by mail ballot packets no

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I hereby declare that I am a citizen of the United States employed in the County of Orange, over 18 years old and that my business address is 400 West Civic Center Drive, Suite 202, Santa Ana, California 92701; and, my email address is Julie.hicks@coco.ocgov.com. I am not a party to the within action.

On November 6, 2023 I served the foregoing RESPONSE OF RESPONDENT AND DEFENDANT BOB PAGE, ORANGE COŬNTY REGISTRAR OF VOTERS, TO PETITIONERS' EX PARTE APPLICATION on all other parties to this action in the following

- (BY U.S. MAIL) I placed such envelope(s) addressed as shown below for collection and mailing at Santa Ana, California, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with this office's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.
- (BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE) Pursuant to California Rules of Court, rule 2.251(c)(2), by submitting an electronic version of the document(s), I caused the documents to be sent to the person(s) listed below.
- (BY FACSIMILE) I caused such document to be telefaxed to the addressee(s) and number(s) shown below, wherein such telefax is transmitted that same day in the ordinary course of business.
- (BY PERSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope(s) to be hand-delivered to the addressee(s) shown below.
- (STATE) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED: November 6, 2023

NAME AND ADDRESS TO WHOM SERVICE WAS MADE

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Tim Rush, an individual and in his capacity as principal officer for Residents for Responsible Leadership in Support of the Recall of Jessie Lopez, sponsored by Santa Ana Police Officers Association Independent Expenditure Committee

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